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less and is subject to a federally enforceable requirement that limits operation of the facility to an annual capacity factor of 10 percent (0.10) or less for coal, oil, and natural gas; or

(2) If the affected facility has a low heat release rate and combusts natural gas or distillate oil in excess of 30 percent of the heat input on a 30-day rolling average from the combustion of all fuels, a limit determined by use of the following formula:

$$E_{n} = \frac{\left(0.10 \times H_{go}\right) + \left(0.20 \times H_{r}\right)}{\left(H_{go} + H_{r}\right)}$$

 $E_n = NO_X$ emission limit, (lb/MMBtu);

 H_{go} = 30-day heat input from combustion of natural gas or distillate oil; and

 H_r = 30-day heat input from combustion of any other fuel.

(3) After February 27, 2006, units where more than 10 percent of total annual output is electrical or mechanical may comply with an optional limit of 270 ng/J (2.1 lb/MWh) gross energy output, based on a 30-day rolling average. Units complying with this outputbased limit must demonstrate compliance according to the procedures of §60.48Da(i) of subpart Da of this part, and must monitor emissions according to §60.49Da(c), (k), through (n) of subpart Da of this part.

§ 60.45b Compliance and performance test methods and procedures for sulfur dioxide.

(a) The SO₂ emission standards under §60.42b apply at all times. Facilities burning coke oven gas alone or in combination with any other gaseous fuels or distillate oil and complying with the fuel based limit under §60.42b(d) or §60.42b(k)(2) are allowed to exceed the limit 30 operating days per calendar year for by-product plant maintenance.

(b) In conducting the performance tests required under §60.8, the owner or operator shall use the methods and procedures in appendix A (including fuel certification and sampling) of this part or the methods and procedures as specified in this section, except as provided in §60.8(b). Section 60.8(f) does not apply to this section. The 30-day notice required in §60.8(d) applies only

to the initial performance test unless otherwise specified by the Administrator.

(c) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall conduct performance tests to determine compliance with the percent of potential SO₂ emission rate (% P_s) and the SO₂ emission rate (E_s) pursuant to §60.42b following the procedures listed below, except as provided under paragraph (d) and (k) of this section.

(1) The initial performance test shall be conducted over 30 consecutive operating days of the steam generating unit. Compliance with the SO₂ standards shall be determined using a 30-day average. The first operating day included in the initial performance test shall be scheduled within 30 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of the facility.

(2) If only coal, only oil, or a mixture of coal and oil is combusted, the fol-

lowing procedures are used:

(i) The procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part are used to determine the hourly SO₂ emission rate (E_{ho}) and the 30-day average emission rate (Eao). The hourly averages used to compute the 30-day averages are obtained from the continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) of §60.47b (a) or (b).

(ii) The percent of potential SO₂ emission rate (%Ps) emitted to the atmosphere is computed using the following formula:

$$%P_{s} = 100 \left(1 - \frac{\%R_{g}}{100}\right) \left(1 - \frac{\%R_{f}}{100}\right)$$

%P_s = Potential SO₂ emission rate, percent; $%R_g = SO_2$ removal efficiency of the control device as determined by Method 19 of appendix A of this part, in percent; and ${}^{\circ}\!\!\!/ R_f = SO_2$ removal efficiency of fuel

pretreatment as determined by Method 19 of appendix A of this part, in percent.

- (3) If coal or oil is combusted with other fuels, the same procedures required in paragraph (c)(2) of this section are used, except as provided in the following:
- (i) An adjusted hourly SO₂ emission rate (Ehoo) is used in Equation 19-19 of

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Method 19 of appendix A of this part to compute an adjusted 30-day average emission rate (E_{ao}°). The Eho $^{\circ}$ is computed using the following formula:

$$E_{ho}^{o} = \frac{E_{ho} - E_{w} (1 - X_{k})}{X_{k}}$$

Where:

 $E_{ho}{}^{\rm o}$ = Adjusted hourly SO_2 emission rate, ng/ J (lb/MMBtu);

 E_{ho} = Hourly SO_2 emission rate, ng/J (lb/MMBtu):

 $E_{\rm w}=SO_2$ concentration in fuels other than coal and oil combusted in the affected facility, as determined by the fuel sampling and analysis procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part, ng/J (lb/ MMBtu). The value $E_{\rm w}$ for each fuel lot is used for each hourly average during the time that the lot is being combusted; and

 X_k = Fraction of total heat input from fuel combustion derived from coal, oil, or coal and oil, as determined by applicable procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part.

(ii) To compute the percent of potential SO_2 emission rate $(\%P_s)$, an adjusted $\%R_g$ $(\%R_g^o)$ is computed from the adjusted E_{ao}^o from paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section and an adjusted average SO_2 inlet rate (E_{ai}^o) using the following formula:

$$%R_{g}^{o} = 100 \left(1.0 - \frac{E_{ao}^{o}}{E_{ai}^{o}} \right)$$

To compute $E_{ai}^{\,\,o}$, an adjusted hourly SO_2 inlet rate $(E_{hi}^{\,\,o})$ is used. The $E_{hi}^{\,\,o}$ is computed using the following formula:

$$E_{hi}^{o} = \frac{E_{hi} - E_{w} (1 - X_{k})}{X_{k}}$$

Where:

E_{hi}o = Adjusted hourly SO₂ inlet rate, ng/J (lb/MMBtu); and

E_{hi} = Hourly SO₂ inlet rate, ng/J (lb/MMBtu).

- (4) The owner or operator of an affected facility subject to paragraph (b)(3) of this section does not have to measure parameters $E_{\rm w}$ or X_k if the owner or operator elects to assume that $X_k=1.0$. Owners or operators of affected facilities who assume $X_k=1.0$ shall:
- (i) Determine $\%P_s$ following the procedures in paragraph (c)(2) of this section; and

- (ii) Sulfur dioxide emissions (E_s) are considered to be in compliance with SO_2 emission limits under $\S 60.42b$.
- (5) The owner or operator of an affected facility that qualifies under the provisions of $\S 60.42b(d)$ does not have to measure parameters E_w or X_k under paragraph (b)(3) of this section if the owner or operator of the affected facility elects to measure SO_2 emission rates of the coal or oil following the fuel sampling and analysis procedures under Method 19 of appendix A of this part.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (j) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts only very low sulfur oil, has an annual capacity factor for oil of 10 percent (0.10) or less, and is subject to a federally enforceable requirement limiting operation of the affected facility to an annual capacity factor for oil of 10 percent (0.10) or less shall:
- (1) Conduct the initial performance test over 24 consecutive steam generating unit operating hours at full load;
- (2) Determine compliance with the standards after the initial performance test based on the arithmetic average of the hourly emissions data during each steam generating unit operating day if a CEMS is used, or based on a daily average if Method 6B of appendix A of this part or fuel sampling and analysis procedures under Method 19 of appendix A of this part are used.
- (e) The owner or operator of an affected facility subject to §60.42b(d)(1) shall demonstrate the maximum design capacity of the steam generating unit by operating the facility at maximum capacity for 24 hours. This demonstration will be made during the initial performance test and a subsequent demonstration may be requested at any other time. If the 24-hour average firing rate for the affected facility is less than the maximum design capacity provided by the manufacturer of the affected facility, the 24-hour average firing rate shall be used to determine the capacity utilization rate for the affected facility, otherwise the maximum design capacity provided by the manufacturer is used.
- (f) For the initial performance test required under §60.8, compliance with

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the SO₂ emission limits and percent reduction requirements under §60.42b is based on the average emission rates and the average percent reduction for SO₂ for the first 30 consecutive steam generating unit operating days, except as provided under paragraph (d) of this section. The initial performance test is the only test for which at least 30 days prior notice is required unless otherwise specified by the Administrator. The initial performance test is to be scheduled so that the first steam generating unit operating day of the 30 successive steam generating unit operating days is completed within 30 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup of the facility. The boiler load during the 30-day period does not have to be the maximum design load, but must be representative of future operating conditions and include at least one 24-hour period at full load.

- (g) After the initial performance test required under §60.8, compliance with the SO₂ emission limits and percent reduction requirements under §60.42b is based on the average emission rates and the average percent reduction for SO₂ for 30 successive steam generating unit operating days, except as provided under paragraph (d). A separate performance test is completed at the end of each steam generating unit operating day after the initial performance test, and a new 30-day average emission rate and percent reduction for SO₂ are calculated to show compliance with the standard.
- (h) Except as provided under paragraph (i) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility shall use all valid SO_2 emissions data in calculating $%P_s$ and E_{ho} under paragraph (c), of this section whether or not the minimum emissions data requirements under \$60.46b are achieved. All valid emissions data, including valid SO_2 emission data collected during periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction, shall be used in calculating $%P_s$ and E_{ho} pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section.
- (i) During periods of malfunction or maintenance of the SO_2 control systems when oil is combusted as provided

under $\S60.42b(i)$, emission data are not used to calculate $\%P_s$ or E_s under $\S60.42b(a)$, (b) or (c), however, the emissions data are used to determine compliance with the emission limit under $\S60.42b(i)$.

- (j) The owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts very low sulfur oil is not subject to the compliance and performance testing requirements of this section if the owner or operator obtains fuel receipts as described in §60.49b(r).
- (k) The owner or operator of an affected facility seeking to demonstrate compliance under $\S 60.42b(d)(4)$, 60.42b(j), and 60.42b(k)(2) shall follow the applicable procedures under $\S 60.49b(r)$.

§ 60.46b Compliance and performance test methods and procedures for particulate matter and nitrogen oxides.

- (a) The PM emission standards and opacity limits under \$60.43b apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction. The NO_X emission standards under \$60.44b apply at all times.
- (b) Compliance with the PM emission standards under §60.43b shall be determined through performance testing as described in paragraph (d) of this section, except as provided in paragraph (i) of this section.
- (c) Compliance with the $NO_{\rm X}$ emission standards under §60.44b shall be determined through performance testing under paragraph (e) or (f), or under paragraphs (g) and (h) of this section, as applicable.
- (d) To determine compliance with the PM emission limits and opacity limits under §60.43b, the owner or operator of an affected facility shall conduct an initial performance test as required under §60.8, and shall conduct subsequent performance tests as requested by the Administrator, using the following procedures and reference methods:
- (1) Method 3B of appendix A of this part is used for gas analysis when applying Method 5 or 17 of appendix A of this part.
- (2) Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part shall be used to measure the concentration of PM as follows: